LALLIER (F.)

A Diss. on the disorders which affect the neck to the blooder + + + + +





DISSERTATION

ON THE

Disorders which affect the Neck of the Bladder, the urinary Passage, and the neighbouring Parts, producing Excrescences in the Urethra, attended with the most dangerous Inflammations, and at last, partial, or total Suppressions of Urine, greatly endangerous Inflammations.

SHEWING

The different Causes of such Complaints, and the ure of them made easy, by a Method lately discovered by the Author, of improving the Composition of Daran's Bougies, by which the Cure is sooner performed, without giving Pain, with greater Certainty, and more effectually than with the Bougies of the former Composition.

LIKEWISE

Hollow Flexible CATHETERS or BOUGIES

ARE

Made by the Author, being the most commodious and useful Inflruments hitherto invented (they giving no Manner of Pain) for injecting the Bladder of those who are troubled with Sand, Gravel, Stone, or Ulcers in that Part.

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The first of the substitute of



INTRODUCTION.

* SSSS T is not a little furprising, I that in a country like England, where the arts and sciences are daily making rapid strides towards perfection, that we should be so long in the dark with respect to some curious inventions of remedies, fo effential in preferving the life of man. Such are the medicines called Bougies, first invented and brought into use by Mr. Daran, at Paris, whose pupil and affistant I was for the space of seven years.

When I observe that Bougies were first invented and brought into A 2 general

general use by Monsieur Jacques Daran, Conseiller, Chirurgien ordinaire du Roy, &c. et maitre en Chirurgie de Paris, I would not be understood, that this gentleman was the first inventor of a Bougie, for we find feveral old authors mention them in their works, particularly in Barbett's Anatom. & Chirurg. Pract. and feveral others, where they give different receipts for Bougies, but it is to be remarked, that these Bougies were to be made use of, merely as founds, or catheters are at prefent, to examine the passage of the Urethra and Bladder, which is a momentary operation only.

Mankind are under the greatest obligations to Mr. Daran, for having by his great ingenuity, long experience,

rience, and labour for many years, brought this probe or found into the form as well as the specific virtue, properly adapted for curing radically those disorders, for which the Bougies of the ancients were never intended, nor were they ever employed for that purpose, not being composed of proper materials, for curing the complaints we now treat of.

Thirty years ago, when I came to England first, by the particular desire of a worthy nobleman, whom I had the honour to know in Paris, I did not find the faculty here, very fond of Mr. Daran's method of treating the disorders of the Urethra, nor disposed to enter into the merits of his practice, notwithstanding the great number of extraordinary cures performed

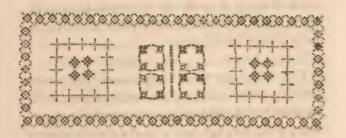
formed by him on subjects of all nations, who came to him at Paris to implore his affiftance, and notwithstanding, the English surgeons had not discovered any other method of relieving and curing fuch disorders, but their patients were left to take their chance, after being cut and mangled in the old manner, if they had not the good fortune to escape their sufferings by a total suppression of urine and a premature death, which, it is too well known, has been the case of many. It is by no means eafily accounted for that English surgeons, who in general, are esteemed gentlemen of a more liberal education than the French, and are allowed likewise to be as dexterous in all the manual operations tions of furgery, should have such a backwardness and difinclination, to embrace any new method, or improvement, especially if it has a foreigner for its inventor; but an unwillingness to embrace any new remedy, is, and has been a long time past, much complained of in England; but this is not all we have to lament, for there is a strange repugnancy in many to admit any new discovery, however beneficial to mankind; of this the Peruvian Bark. is a notorious instance, which made its way into the world with fuch unaccountable difficulty. I might here mention many other noble medicines, which were long opposed by the most learned physicians of Europe, before they were admitted by them

them into practice. How necessary is it therefore for a practitioner to be void of prejudice, to abound with candour, and to embrace real improvements with eagerness. Conceited authors may rail as much as they please at specific qualities, but it is impossible for them to make any proficiency in the art of healing, without an adequate knowledge of the alterations each drug will produce in the human body, or even in external applications, not by their mechanical action, but by their fingular properties, which are only known by experience and not from a knowledge of reasoning à priori. Now fince our acquaintance with the virtues of all the Herculean remedies is the refult of experience only,

only, why should we stop in our enquiries; or conclude we have already arrived at the ne plus ultra of the Æsculapian art.

I have only to add, that foon after I published the first edition of this short differtation at London, above thirty years fince, I had a great number of patients, some of them people of the first fashion, and were known to many of the faculty, whom I had the happiness of curing of the most desperate and inveterate complaints, which had constantly relisted the power of the many different remedies, that had been administered to them for a long series of years. Some time after I had performed the above cures, which are well attested, I had the infinite pleasure and satisfaction of finding many worthy gentlemen of the faculty, who were before prejudiced against the use of medicated Bougies in general, now well convinced of their mistake, which they very candidly acknowledged to me on feveral occasions. At this present time I believe I may prefume to fay that there are very few, if any, furgeons of eminence in this metropolis, but are fully convinced of the specific virtue and utility of rightly prepared medicated Bougies for curing Excrescences, Carnosities, and, in a word, every other cause of Obstructions in the Urethra or Neck of the Bladder.

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DISSERTATION, &c.

fage arise from such a variety of different causes, that it would require a much larger work than the present, to give the readers a complete and particular account of them; which, after all, would be of little or no benefit to those who only want to be relieved from their pains and sufferings.

Instead, therefore, of entertaining the readers with a long and vain detail of causes and effects, it will be sufficient for them, and more satisfactory, to know, that the most common and general causes of stoppages

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and obstructions of urine, which are only to be cured by the proper and well-directed use of Bougies, is one or other of the following:

First, They may be owing to a natural stricture or straitness of the urinary passage, either in part, or in its whole length, without any previous cause whatsoever; which may be looked upon as a disorder inherent to the constitution, and which by age always grows worse and worse, as it is well known, that age brings on a contraction of all the fibres of our bodies and diminishes the diameters of all the tubes, &c.

This natural or constitutional disorder, has always been looked upon as incurable, and indeed it certainly would be so, but for the invention of Bougies which remove the cause at once; first by acting as a last does on a shoe, enlarging by degrees the diameter of the Urethra, and at the same time occasioning a gentle suppuration from the glands of the thickened coat of it, and by this simple and plain method, reducing the parts affected to a supple and yielding state, so as to allow a large stream of water to pass through without resistance. I have only to observe, that patients in this particular case may expect in some years a return of this disorder, which they can easily prevent by having a supply of Bougies always in their possession, that they may introduce themselves, from time to time, to keep

the passage wide and flexible, so that the urine may always come off in a full stream, without which, besides many other bad consequences, the gross and terrestrial particles of the urine being retained in the bladder, will without all doubt, produce another still more alarming disorder, which is a stone in the bladder, so that this disorder though often looked upon as trisling in itself, and though easily cured, yet in its consequences from neglect becomes so terrible as to endanger the person's life.

Secondly, Suppressions of urine often arise from ulcers, attended with proud fungous flesh in the uninary passage, owing to venereal disorders that have been mismanaged in the cure, either by the surgeon's or patient's fault, from aftringent injections, or other prepofterous methods; which, when of long flanding become inveterate and obstinate, producing fistulas in the neighbouring parts, fo that the natural channel of the urine being plugged up, the water makes its way through the integuments, forming different hollow urinous finuses and foetid ulcers, which are the more terrible as no person ever yet was so happy as to find a cure, but by the use of the right prepared Bougies; and I am forry to observe, that it is but too true that numbers of persons have lost their lives from being unhappily reduced to the above fituation, and this partly from their being ignorant of the happy effects

of Bougies of the right method of preparing them, and partly from their prejudice to a remedy that is not recommended to them by some practitioner of high reputation. I have only farther to observe, that patients labouring under the last-mentioned case, are as curable as from other causes, for they are restored to their health and vigour by the use of my Antivenereal Bougies.

Thirdly, Obstructions in the urinary passage are not unsrequently caused by a disorder which goes under the name of a GLEET, or those sometimes small, sometimes large discharges of a white or yellowish matter from the Urethra, which matter is sometimes insectious and sometimes not: the cure of this most obstinate disorder has been long attempted by loads of astringent and balsamic medicines, pills, drops, cold baths, the bark, and what not; but I can affirm from the practice of others, and also from my own knowledge, that very sew of such unhappy patients receive any real and lasting benefit from the above method.

It is well known that before the use of Bougies, Gleets were deemed incurable, even by the best practitioners in Europe. But since the use of my improved Bougies I never have sound a gleet so obstinate as to resist their efficacy, even when the patient has been reduced to the last extremity, and beyond all hopes of recovery;

recovery; of which there are many living and creditable witnesses, both in London and other places, who can attest the truth. As to a species of gleet known by the name of a feminal weakness in either fex, as also a disorder of the bladder, called a diabetes, I have a remedy which has never yet failed in either fex. It was in the year 1750, that I had a patient of great worth and diffinction, who had the mistortune to be troubled with a gleet of seven years standing, which by neglect produced a complication of evils, fuch as a total suppression of urine by the natural course, and having feveral hard fwellings, both inwardly and outwardly, and all round the neighbouring parts, he was reduced to suffer the most cruel torturing pains from this his melancholy fituation, fo that all the urine that came from the bladder infinuated itself through these swellings, and came away infensibly through filtulous ulcers, formed in those parts, which were extremely fætid and offensive, and threatened a mortification. This patient had been treated however, with Daran's Bougies before he fell into my hands, but the case was grown so very obstinate as not to admit of a cure by Mr. Daran, though palliated a little in some measure, but upon the whole, the hollow fistulous ulcers increafing both in fize and malignity, his diforder advanced to a most dangerous state, when I, by the use of my improved Bougies, made a perfect and lasting cure of this gentleman, as I have fince that time of many others in the most desperate cases.

With submission to the faculty, it is well known that the above disorders have often resisted the utmost endeavours of the most eminent of them; and that there are incredible numbers of persons in this capital, as well as other parts of the kingdom, who have spared no expense to obtain a cure, and yet continued to labour under some of the above complaints, for several years before they heard of the radical cures I have performed by the use of my improved Bougies, which give no pain to the patient.

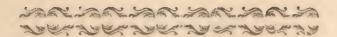
With regard to suppressions of urine, from obstructions formed in the urinary passage, I beg leave to warn my readers of a very great imposition practised of late years upon the too credulous public, namely, that of pretending to cure such obstructions by the means of drops, or other things taken internally; and although the absurdity of such a method must be very obvious to every one who has the least idea of the nature of such disorders, yet a great many unhappy patients have been and are every day artfully drawn in to try the effects of their vain-boasted drops and tinctures, and when too late, are left to repent of their loss of time and money; of which I have seen too many instances amongst such as had been thus duped, whom

I have cured gratis afterwards, they having pleaded hard to be excused payment, since they had laid out their money in vain on such pretended remedies.

I shall not take up my reader's time any more with a farther account of the disorders to which the Urethra is subject, but shall finish this little treatise with an account of a few cases, some of which had been despaired of, selected from a very great number which have been perfectly cured by my Bougies here in London, and also in the different counties of Great Britain and Ireland, who are supplied by me with full directions for their use in all cases of these disorders. I apprehend that my candid readers will readily excuse me for not having mentioned the names of any of my patients, this being a tender point I avoided, in order that I might not incur the least reproach from the public; but however, some of my patients of their own accord, bave through gratitude for the benefit they received from my Bougies, and for the fake of promoting the fame benefit to others, given me leave to mention their names if required; and likewise another privilege I have, which was unfolicited by me, viz. that of referring to very eminent physicians in London, who were eye-witnesses to the many cures performed by me in London, one of whom has received himself, several letters of thanks from the country, from patients of this physician's C acquaintance

acquaintance who were cured, and to whom my medicines were fent by his recommendation, and who from the goodness of his heart and the many proofs he has known of the lasting and efficacious cures performed by my Bougies for these many years past, continues still to recommend me to patients attacked with all complaints of the Urethra.





CASE I.

Young gentleman of twenty-five years of age, had a natural stricture in the Urethra from his birth, so that he was obliged to take 15 or 20 minutes, and fometimes longer in making his water, with much difficulty and vain, the ftream being no larger than a common thread. He was to have been married three years before I faw him, to a young lady in the country. He had been treated with common Bougies, by feveral gentlemen eminent in their profession, by which he was able to make his water quicker, and also in a larger stream than usual; but, as the Bougies which had been employed by thefe gentlemen, had no other virtue, but that of firetching and enlarging the diameter of the Urethra, and that only for a momentary time, after which the part re-contracted, and he reduced again to his old fituation; when a friend of his happened to confult me on his case, which I undertook; and, by using my Bougies constantly, he was perfeetly cured of this natural stricture (for he never had had any venereal affection) in two months, when he could make near a pint of water in the course of a minute, and in a large full stream, which he has continued to do, without the least return, to this day. This was in November, in the year 1751, and is mentioned in my first edition of this pamphlet.

C 2 CASE

CASE II,

Foreign minister, who was a man of great quality, had been troubled with a stricture for seven years together, attended with an obstinate and virulent gleet, which, besides the frequent dangerous suppressions of urine, produced great pain and weakness in the parts, as well as of the whole body, and particularly of the back and loins, which made him walk in a bent and crooked manner, not being able to keep himself erect upon his legs; he was greatly emaciated with a lofs of appetite, and confequently of his strength. He had been treated for this complaint, for four months in Paris, with Bougies and other medicines, by which he obtained a better state of health; but one year after that, being at London in a public character, his complaint returned as bad as ever; he applied to a phyfician, who recommended him to the use of my improved Bougies; I undertook the cure, which I performed in three months time. This was in the month of May, 1759; and this nobleman having continued refiding in London for the space of five years afterwards, not having had the least return of his former complaint, but recovered a perfect state of health, which the fame physician who recommended me this patient, and who is now living, is ready to certify.

CASE III.

A Foreigner, a favourite fervant of the faid embaffador, who had long been troubled with the fame complaint with his mafter, but only much worfe, for he had two fiftulous ulcers, one near the anus and another in the ferotum, through which all his water came, and not a drop by the natural channel, it being choaked up with fungous excrefeences, he had also been treated as his mafter, in Paris, for the space of four months, but was not cured; probably because he could not stay in that city any longer. I undertook him, and made a perfect cure of his disorder in fix months time, which can be authoritized by a physician, &c.

C A S E IV.

A Foreign gentleman, aged fixty-feven years, applied to me, who had lived in very great mifery for the last rea years, by a continual suppression of urine, occasioned by a stricture of the Urethra, he never could make water but by drops, and in a very painful way, and was obliged to drink but very little, being afraid to endeavour at making water, which he could not do, but by the use of a tilver catheter which was introduced several times a-day. He was living in the country, and fent his surgeon to toway for my Bougies and my directions, and received a perfect

cure in three weeks time, by being able to make his water freely and in a full fiream; and declared, in his letter of thanks, that he never had made his water fo free in the whole course of his life before this period.

CASE V.

Perfon of about forty years of age, having had many very virulent claps of which he was cured, but always with much difficulty, and was feveral months for each under the furgeon's care. In about fix months after his being cured of his laft, he was grievously attacked with a suppression of urine, for which he was advised by his surgeon to make use of Bougies, which gave him some temporary relief, but the disorder returning, he applied to me; on examination I found he had two ulcers with spungy slesh, one near the top, and the other about the middle of the Urethra; he was radically cured in about two months by the use of my Bougies: it is ten years ago, and continues free from obstructions, and enjoys a very good state of health at this present time.

C A S E VI.

A Gentleman from Dublin, came to London for advice in a very bad cafe, for which he had not been able to find relief in the first mentioned place, for near the space of five years, during which time he was always under the hands of the faculty. His Urethra was plugged up with proud sless or excrescences all the way up to the top, and a sistulous ulcer was formed near the fundament, through

through which all his urine came off. I first applied a fmall bit of Bougie, which I introduced with fome difficulty into a very small and almost imperceptible oritice at the top of the Urethra, which brought on a suppuration from the part affected; when, by little and little, I proceeded in this manner daily, getting further and further; till at last, in about three months, I got a free passage for a long Bougie into the bladder; foon after this, having dreffed the iffulous ulcer above-mentioned, through which the urine came, with proper medicines, the water came by the natural channel; and the fiftula was cured, and he was perfectly cured, but it took me fix months to accomplish it. This gentleman was no more than twenty-eight years of age. He returned to Publin foon after, and fpoke fo well of my remedy, that I have had feveral fent me by his recommendation, and others to whom I have fent my remedy there.

C A S E VII.

A Knight and Baronet, aged fixty-three, having been at feveral times for four years past, in imminent danger of his life, by frequent suppressions of urine, and during the last year, the complaint was become so ferious, that he was obliged to have his water drawn off twice every day by a surgeon, by the help of a catheter, the introduction of which instrument always gave him the most accute pain, and brought away a great deal of blood and matter: this disorder was entirely occasioned by proud stefn and caruncles formed in the Urethra, from frequent venereal insections he had received, which he always

always used to stop directly, by what he called his farourite injection; which method he now found, by his stad experience, to be the cause of all his present misery. He put himself under my care, and by the help of my Bougies, and a sew other necessary medicines, I performed a radical cure in about six weeks. This was in the year 1759, and he now continues to enjoy a more perfect state of health and strength, considering his age, than formerly.

CASE VIII.

Young gentleman came to me from Wales, having had feveral claps, either cured by injections, or by a preporterous use of aftringent, balfamic medicines, till at last he not only contracted obstructions in the urinary passage, but was at the same time thoroughly poxed, having two deep ulcers, one at the bottom of the penis which communicated with the urinary passage, so that a great part of his water came through this ulcer. The other ulcer was in his thigh, a little below the groin, which was very foul, and appeared to affect the bone, as he was very lame of this limb; a great number of eruptions about the roots of his hair, with nocturnal pains in his head and limbs. On administering my antivenereal remedies, and by the use of my Bougies at the same time, he was perfectly cured in about feven weeks, and returned extremely content and happy, to his own country. This gentleman was about forty years of age at that time, which was in the year 1766, he has done me the honour of corresponding with me ever fince, and has recommended me many unhappy

unhappy patients from Wales, amongst whom is the drover, in the next cafe.

CASE IX.

A N honest Welch drover, having been sent to Lone don, from the last-mentioned patient, to be put under my care; his case was very bad, as it had been neglected for feveral years; he was however a robust looking man, and had been bleft with a good constitution; he had made no water at all by the natural passage for near three years past, but it came off by three different passages it had formed to itself, one close to the scrotum, a second close, to the anus, and the third near the groin, where there was a large winding fiftulous cavity, this part looked fo very bad, that I was apprehensive of a mortification coming on; for fome days I applied a very foftening poultice to the part, which was often repeated; after which, by that and a few days rest from the satigue he had fuffered in the waggon, (for his fores did not permit him to ride on horfe-back) this fore part had a much better appearance; after losing some blood, and taking fome gentle physic, I began to make use of the Bougies; but the urinary passage being so entirely stopped up with a fungous that it was a work of five weeks before I could get through this violent obstruction; but having got at last quite into the bladder, in five weeks more I had the pleasure to see the natural course of the urine restored; as also all the other parts well and firmly cicatrized. This was in the year 1767, in the month of May, for D

which I received a letter of thanks from the gentleman by whom he was recommended.

CASE X.

A Young gentleman of twenty-fix years of age, having had claps cured by injections for the space of four or five years; the confequence of this was, that he made water in a very finall stream, occasioned by the coat of the Urethra being contracted and fungous; excrescences being also formed in its different parts. This gentleman being troubled also with the gravel, and several small stones with a cake of red fand lodging about the neck of the bladder not being able to come off with the urine from the narrowness of the Urethra: in the course of the cure by the help of my Bougies, I was obliged to push back into the bladder, a great many fmall stones that were lodged in the entrance of the Urethra, which afterwards were all brought off by the urine when the passage was enlarged fufficiently to permit their passing. After this I injected his bladder with a particular mild decoction of a vulnerary liquid, by the help of my hollow and flexible Bougie, which brought away fuch an amazing quantity of fmall stones and gravel at which I was myself much astonished. He was restored by me to an exceeding good flate of health. This happened in the year 1768. This gentleman's case may serve to shew how necessary it is that the urine should come off in a full stream, otherwise many dangerous evils will enfue; fuch as to lay a foundation for the stone and gravel, besides disorders in the part itself, all of the worst consequences.

CASE

C A S E XI.

Youth, but ten years of age, fon to a gentleman of great distinction, being at an academy a small distance from London, the master of which having consulted me, and stated the situation of his scholar, which was a natural firaitness of the diameter of the uriny passage, which only permitted the water to pass in a fize of a small thread; this confequently impeded the gross terrestrial parts of the urine from coming off, and by being daily accumulated, had laid the foundation for the stone in the bladder, which was the case of this youth, as he had all the symptoms of this dangerous diforder, for which he was cut; and though upon cutting he had no hard stone, yet there was brought from him a hard cake of red gravel, which broke in coming out; after which I enlarged the passage by the use of my Bougies, that in three weeks time the stream of urine came off full, and as large as most of his age.

C A S E XII.

In the month of November, 1768, a person aged fifty-five, was recommended to me by a surgeon of eminence in London. This patient had been clapped a great number of times, for the last source or sisteen years before I saw him: he had likewise gone through the proper course of remedies for the pox, with which he was highly insected, but had been cured at different times by the same gentleman who recommended him to me; however, he was troubled with a stricture of the Urethra, which obstructed

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his making water, which he could do only by drops, and accompanied with great pain, heat, and foreness of the parts, in which he had a continual itching, which was extremely troublesome both night and day. After I had conquered the itching and inflammation by poultices and other calming applications, I set about curing the obstructions in the urinary passage, in which I sound, as I proceeded, that there were three different parts assected, one near the neck of the bladder, the second about the middle, and the third in those glands called the great Lacuna, near the top of the yard. I made a perfect cure of this patient in about three weeks, when he had the pleasure to find that he made water as free and in as full a stream as if he had been a school-boy again.

C A S E XIII.

Gentleman aged fifty-two, was recommended to me by his apothecary, in the year 1770; his case was very inveterate and of a long standing, having had a virulent running for eleven years past, his urinary passage greatly obstructed, and could only make water a little at a time, and that little with the greatest dissiculty, and the most painful strainings: his life was thought to be in great danger, and as he himself expressed, was a burthen to him. He had taken many medicines, was at Bristol and Buxton for the use of the waters of those places; besides, he had made use of different Bougies from different people, without any solid relief: he was very much emaciated in his face, as also in his legs and arms, but his belly was always

very much swelled and pitted pretty deep; I was afraid he would have occasion to be tapped, for he had a confirmed dropfy which would soon have carried him off, had he not met with relief from me, for by the affistance of my Bougies and other purgative remedies, he was freed from all his dropsical symptoms, from his virulent running which was owing to deep sungous ulcers in different parts of the Urethra, in the space of ten weeks after he began to use my medicines.

C A S E XIV.

A N Italian gentleman, aged thirty-nine, came to me with a letter from an English gentleman at Naples, who had been an old patient of mine, and had been cured by me of the very fame diforder with which this Italian gentleman was afflicted. He had, after many venereal infections, some of which were neglected, others badly cured, a very large (welling near the anus which extended to the testicles, this had been opened at Paris two years before he came to London; however, after this tumour was opened, there appeared different finuses through which the urine, as well as matter, came off, the wound was fuffered to fill up, but still the urine made its way through many different fiftulous-openings; and a hard fwelling of the prostrate gland by the root of the yard, grew at length to fuch a bigness, that not a drop of urine came by the natural channel. Being still in Paris, he put himself under Daran's hands, in which he remained near fix months without being cured. His mercantile bufiness calling him to London, I undertook him, and cured him of his very bad complaint in lefs than four months; and am very certain that had I had this patient at the first, he would have been cured much fooner.

C A S E XV.

The following cure, whether confidered from the patient's great age, or from the greatness of the disorder, his life being despaired of by the faculty, must make my medicines appear in a more advantageous light to the public than any case I have ever before had the satisfaction of curing.

T was on the first day of October 1771, that a surgeon of eminence applied to me for a patient of his, aged eighty years, who was at death's door with a violent suppression of urine; the furgeon was not able to introduce one of the fmallest of his Bougies. This unhappy patient being fo far spent with continual agonies of pain for near three weeks, that his furgeon did not expect that he could hold out three days longer. I told him, that fince I followed my profession, not one patient had ever died in my hands, and I begged to be excused from seeing a patient in such a desperate case, as it might affect my character: in the mean time, I was fo strongly solicited by the surgeon and apothecary of the patient, to examine his case, that I was at last prevailed upon to visit him. I found a large hard ulcer fituated near the neck of the bladder, which totally prevented the patient's making water. In my first day's application I gave him fome relief, but his irritations. tions, though not increased, still existing, and his weakness increasing, I must own, that I, from his bad symptoms,
dreaded the consequence; but, on the next day his wise
informed me he was sleeping, having the preceding night
voided half a chamber-pot, which she shewed me, of a
very bad corrupted urine mixed with blood and matter.
I continued my applications of Bougies and other medicines every day for three weeks, at the end of which I
was so happy as to make a perfect cure of him, notwithstanding every one about him, as well as myself, despaired
of it. He is now quite well, and is ready to give his testimony of the truth, as are also his surgeon and apothecary,
who may be applied to, and shall be informed by me of
their names and places of residence in London.

C A S E XVI.

A Tradesman of the city of London, having applied to me, in the month of July 1771, being recommended by an apothecary, who knew a gentleman whom I had cured of an ulcer in the neck of his bladder some years before. At first when I saw this patient, I sound him in a very melancholy and desponding situation, saying to me, that unless I could give him speedy relief, he was certain he could not live a week longer. I sound by what he said, that he had contrasted a clap about three years since, for which he applied to a surgeon, who, in appearance had cured him; but in a fortnight after, a shanker made its appearance on the glans penis, which in in a short time grew so malignant that this part swelled to a monstrous

monstrous fize, and though he in this dangerous situation applied to a furgeon of known skill in his profession, vet he was not cured without the lofs of the whole penis: this lofs he could have born with patience and refignation, but another dreadful diforder came upon him afterwards, viz. obstructions in the remaining part of the Urethra which prevented him from making water, but by using great efforts and straining, &c. He was advised to make use of Bougies he got from some person, which he did with little or no effect as he could not get them introduced to the bladder. At laft, having heard of an apothecary who fells drops which he boasts of being proper for such complaints; and having taken them for two months together, did not find that he was the least relieved from his terrible complaint. Being tired with living in fuch mifery, he was refolved to let nature take its courfe, finding himfelf grow worfe and worfe, he took feveral internal medicines from different people, however he received no relief, nor indeed should it be expected that internal medicines can help a local complaint of the Urethra. After this I was called to his affiftance, and found the urinary paffage quite obstructed, it not being possible to introduce one of my strongest Bougies above one inch. At the root of the yard, there was a hard fwelling and a fiftula, through which most part of his urine was discharged, his scrotum was likewise hard, and fwelled ready to break into different fistulas, &c. These local complaints had brought him by length of fuffering pain, to the lowest ebb, but I had the satisfaction in four months time, with my Bougies and other proper medicines, to make a perfect cure of this patient. Surgeons and Apothecaries who knew this, as well as the patient

patient who is but twenty-five years of age, are ready to tellify the truth of what is here related.

I beg leave here to observe to my readers, that fince the year 1772, to the year 1780, I have cured above fivehundred persons of different denominations, many of whom would have died, and most part of the others would have lived a life of mifery, and unfit to propagate their own species; therefore it would be easy for me to give them many more examples of cases exceedingly bad, when the life of the patient was in the utmost danger, and must have died had they not applied to me in time, all which can be well authenticated. It is prefumed that the cures here published are sufficient to confirm the practice, and more would have exceeded the bounds of this short treatife. They will, however, ferve to flew to fuch as are unhappily afflicted with fuch cases, the terrible confequences of neglecting to apply for a cure, which they should not despair of, however bad they may be; as I declare, I never lost one fingle patient in my life, out of the great number I have treated, nor have they ever missed of a cure. Such may be perfectly affured, that my Bougies are the only medicines capable of producing a speedy and lasting cure of the different diforders with which the urinary passage is liable to be affected; whether gleets, exerescences, ulcers, sistulas, or any other thing that forms an obstruction to the free passage of the urine, by what name foever called.

A great number of furgeons and apothecaries in different parts of Great-Britain and Ireland, are supplied by me with my Bougies, with proper directions for their use,

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cure their patients who are afflicted with the above complaints, as well as I could, had they been under my care; from whom, as well as from the patients themselves, I have received many compliments, and letters of thanks for several years past. I likewise send them to the persons themselves, who do not chuse to divulge their case to their neighbouring surgeons, who treat themselves by my direction, and without difficulty obtain a cure; for the application and treatment is quite easy, the grand secret lies in the composition of these remedies.

I likewise compose hollow slexible Bougies of a very soft and healing nature, made with the same ingredients as my ordinary Bougles. Their use is for injecting the bladder with a liquid of a vulnerary and healing nature, for curing ulcers in that part, as also for bringing off, and cleansing the bladder of mucus, gravel, sand, or small stones, which, if not brought away in time, would infallibly produce large hard stones of an indissoluble nature. This operation may be performed by the patients themselves, they being provided with my flexible hollow Bougies, without any pain or difficulty. I supply my patients at the same time with the vulnerary and healing liquid for the injection, and also with syringes proper to throw it up with.

These medicines and instruments are of more utility than can at first be well conceived by any one who has not had opportunities of seeing their surprizing good effects in all the disorders of the bladder, whether occasioned by the tione, gravel or ulcers, producing great pain and instammation in that part. Though I do not pretend that my vulnerary

vulnerary liquid injected into the bladder will diffolve a frome that may be contained in it; yet I must assure my readers, that I give them a present relief from their torturing and most excruciating pains, by the effect of this medicine, which heals the ulcers which had been produced by the stone or gravel fretting and wounding the tender coats of the bladder, after which, the patient will remain free from pain in that part for several months together, until the stone or gritty matter shall have made fresh wounds, when, recurring to the injection again, will meet with immediate relief.

The following is the substance of a setter in the Gazetteer of August 29, 1765, figned Edward Nihill, apothecary in the Hay-market, who at that time fold Daran's Bougies, prepared by Mr. Lallier.

"Mr. Daran accuses me in a pamphlet lately published by him, of hanging out at my shop-windows in the Haymarket, these words, Daran's original Bougies, and while he denies having supplied me with any, he declares he will not be answerable for the bad consequences that may attend the use of them. To this Mr. Daran received for answer at that time, that it would have been more candid and more liberal to have entered into a personal explanation on this subject with me, whom he had visited several times, than to have arraigned me to the public, as if I had imposed on it by a counterseit medicine. But the truth was, that I never pretended to have the Bougies in question from Mr. Daran himself, and had only used the above words in the like sense as Dassy's Elix'r, Frize's Eassam, &c. as many other nostrums are every day made

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and dispensed, under the names of the inventors of them nor was I ever apprized till the coming out of Mr. Daran's pamphlet, of his having made a nostrum of his invention. But what authority I had, will appear still more clearly from the following account of the way by which I came by these remedies. Mr. Lallier, whom I knew had lived as affistant with Mr. Daran seven years, or thereabouts, and who had been wholly employed in the making his Bougies, and at that time had all the opportunities requisite for obtaining a thorough knowledge of all the ingredients without reserve, and the application of them in their different states; for we find Mr. Daran acknowledges himself, in his pamphlet, page 12," That the composition of his Bougies was not so strict as not to admit of proper alterations according to the exigency of each case.

"Mr. Lallier then came to London, and fet up a practice here of what he had learned under Mr. Daran at Paris. On his arrival he published a short treatise on the disorders of the Urethra, with directions concerning the use of the Bougies; the genuineness of the preparation of which could not be better proved, than by his great and repeated fuccess in curing the above diforders, and of this he has numerous testimonies; and from my own experience, having been confrantly fupplied by Mr. Lallier, having this to fay for Mr. Daran's fatisfaction, that they by no means dishonour his name thus put to them, fo that he need not have any apprehentions on this fcore; the real and indifputable truth being, that they have had furprifing good effects, in the cure of many obitinate (and by other furgeons imagined) incurable diforders: they have fully answered answered the recommen lation of the remedies coming inmediately from himfelf, being in fact effentially according to his own form of composition, and to all invents and purposes of care, the very kind of Bougles he himfelf dispenses. As to the words ignorant people, and empiric, of which Mr. Daran makes u'e in the fame paragraph, I have the lets reason to apply it to myself, for that he cannot well have forgot my title to a leis unfavourable defignation, he himfelf knew me furgeon to the houshold of the Marshal de Contades, when a circumstance happened in which Mr. Daran was concerned, and which afforded him an opportunity of confidering me in another light, and indeed I have so great an exteem for him, that I thould be forry to fee him fall into the fame abuse with which he taxes some in his 4th page, that of depreciating the merits of others."

I am yours, &c.

EDWARD NIHILL.

Hay-market, 24th August, 1765.

There is nothing better known, or can be better attefted, than my having lived for the space of seven years with Mr. Daranin Paris, as his affidant, both in dressing his numerous patients as well as my own, and preparing his Bougies, the composition of which I knew as well as himself; nor can I say that he ever appeared to conceal any thing of their composition from my knowledge. I have long ago informed the public, that I not only possess the same kind of Bougies as Mr. Daran prepares himself, but also that I have made a considerable improvement in the composition of this medicine. It was in the year 1759, I had a patient of an exceeding bad habit of body, whose case

was fo very complicated with hard fiftuious ulcers in pærineo, ferotum, &c. his case in short was so obstinate, and of so many years standing, that it had bassled the skill of Mr. Daran himself, whose patient he had been, as well as all others, by whom he had been attended for a course of years. I was very unhappy at sinding this gentleman's case so remarkably obstinate, and finding that I gained no ground even by the most active fort of my Bougies, but after many alterations in their composition, at last I made such am improvement in them that I was so happy to accomplish his cure, which gave me great pleasure, as it certainly did to my patient.

This improved Bougie, I find from conflant experience far exceeds Mr. Daran's, being milder in its effects, and of a much more balfamic and healing quality. I not only use this improved Bougie in similar cases as the above mentioned, but in all cases in general in obstructions of the Urethra, whether attended with very bad symptoms or not, as the cure is greatly shortened and sacilitated by their use.

Near feven years after I had improved Mr. Daran's Bougies, as above related, we find Mr. Daran, in his last pamphlet published in the year 1766, has followed my example; for in it he complains of the bad fucces some of his correspondents have had (and no doubt himself also) in curing several of their patients, and therefore he declares that he had luckily, very lately discovered a method of improving his Bougies, which he now could cure the most obstinate disorders in a shorter time than formerly, &c.

Mr. Daran's words in page 15, of the above pamphlet, are the following:

" Je suis d'autant plus fondé à faire ces offres, que par mon travail assidu, j'ai été assez heureux pour faire des améliorations dans la composition de mes remedes, tendant à abréger le traitement des maladies de l'Urethie, surtout dans les cas les plus dissiciles."

In English thus:

"I am enabled to make these offers with the more confidence, as by my great labour and assiduity I have been so lucky, as to improve the composition of my Bougies lately, so as to shorten the cure of the disorders of the Urethra, especially in the most difficult cases."

N. B. Mr. Daran's making use of the word luckily in his declaration, of his discovery of improving his Bougies seven years after I had, by much labour and study improved this medicine, one would be led to believe that he luckily met with some person who pretended to discover to him the improvement I had already made; I have more reasons than one for believing this to be the true state of the case, and yet I positively declare that I never made a considence of it to any one.

I beg leave to lay before the readers of this Differtation the three following cases, which I have had the liberty of doing from the patients themselves, to whom any person any person doubtful of the truth of what I have advanced with respect to the superior efficacy of my improved Bougies may be referred, they having been persectly cured by me, after having spent a great deal of money and time in attending Mr. Daran, both in Paris and whilst he was in London, without receiving any advantage. This

being a flattering circumflance to me, as it gives to the public a convincing proof of the fuperiority of my improved Bougies, both in respect to their not giving that fensation of pain, like those of Mr. Daran's, as also of their performing lasting cures in a much shorter space of time than any other whatsoever. I may add to this, that these three patients are men of very respectable characters, two of them being gentlemen of rank and of independent fortunes, and the other an officer of his majesty's navy.

C A S E XVII.

P. A. Esq; aged about forty years, having had a fevere, tedious, and obstinate gleet for several years, from the effects of a bad cured gonorrhoea, at last was attacked with obstructions of the Urethra, which produced many difagreeable fymptoms, fuch as acute pains in the parts saected, with frequent suppressions of urine, on which, as he was then in France and hearing of the great cures performed by Mr. Daran, he applied to that gentleman, who agreed for a large fum of money to cure him; he was relieved by this gentleman in fome measure though his gleet fill continued, but Mr. Daran having affured him of his being cured, and that he should travel to a warmer climate to reflore his health, he being at that time looked upon to be vitibly in a decline; on which he went to Portugal and Spain, but fometime after he came to England, though not cured of his very troublesome complaint, and applied to Mr. Francis Lallier who in a few months made a perfect cure, which happened fome years fince, and he is and has remained perfectly well without the least

return of his old diforder, and he declares that Mr. Daran's Bougies always produced great pain in using, but that he never selt the least pain or inconveniency from the use of those of Mr. Lallier.

CASE XVIII.

T. Efq. aged near forty, after a great number of ill cured claps, had the misfortune to be reduced to the most deplorable situation imaginable, the many obstructions formed, at last produced a total suppression of urine by the natural way, the passage in its whole length being quite plugged up with carnofities; which caused the urine to make its way through integuments of the muscles of the pærineum and scrotum, and at length brought on a putrid urinous fever, and the parts affected fwelled and inflamed to a most enormous fize and threatened with a mortification, all the urine making its way through chinks and hollow corroding ulcers, at length produced two large fiftulous passages, through which his urine came off involuntarily for feveral years, in which distressed situation he was unable to walk, or even to fit in any other way but upon a close-stool or chair made in that form. He was visited for feveral years by most of the eminent physicians and furgeons in London, but without any hopes of being cured; in this difmal fituation I was applied to, and he continued under my care for feveral months, when he was in a fair way of getting the better of his complaint, as the freedom of the natural passage of the urine was re-established in part by the use of my medicines, though indeed, some part of his urine would come off, through the fiftulous cavities of the pærineum, which was not yet cicatrized, and only required

required a longer time, he however was fo much better that he could walk about and even go in his carriage, neither of which he had been able to do for a long time before. At this time (about the year 1766) Mr. Daran happening to be in London, when Mr. T. asked me if I did not think it would be right for him to have a confultation with him about his complaint, my answer was that I had no objection to his feeing Mr. Daran, he replied that it would be a fatisfaction to him to hear what he would fav, &c. Mr. Daran advised him to apply fomentations to the parts, and being foon to return to Paris he advised Mr. T. to follow him there, where he would make a perfect cure of him. Mr. T. accordingly did fo, where Mr. Daran first of all made an agreement with him for a round fum of money, half of which fum was to be paid down immediately, and his note given when the cure was accomplished. Mr. Daran kept him in Paris feveral months, where he fuffered much pain and torture from his applications, but as foon as he could travel (for he was reduced to a most weak and emaciated state) he went to the waters of Barrege in the Pyrennean mountains, which he drank and bathed in for fome months, and recovered his health and strength to a tolerable degree; but in other respects his original disorder was far from being cured. When he returned to England, he told me he heartily repented of his weakness in letting himself be perfuaded by Daran to go to France, where he had drained him both of his blood and money pretty handsomely. Mr. T. then put himself into my hands again, and has often affured me and others that Mr. Daran's Bougies always gave him intense pain, but that mine never gave him the least uneafiness, which he is always always ready and willing to declare, and also that he owes his cure entirely to the use of my improved Bougies; he has been for some years past, as he at this present time is, hearty and well.

CASE XIX.

SIR,

Have for upwards of twelve years past laboured under a most dreadful pain in the neck of the bladder and urinary passage, often producing a total stoppage of urine, and always a great pain and difficulty in making water, being obliged to strain with the utmost violence and could only then discharge my urine by drops, and at best in a fmall stream about the fize of a thread, in short I was absolutely tired of my life, despairing of ever being any better, having tried many of the faculty without the least success, and particularly Mr. Daran, furgeon to the King of France, under whose care I was for upwards of five months, in the year 1766, (Mr. Daran being then in London) at which time I was obliged to leave England, much better I must confess, but very far from being cured, as the diforder returned in the course of three months, and I was as bad as ever, and continued fo very bad as to make me quite unable to go about any kind of bufiness, till about four or five months fince happening to hear of the many extraordinary cures performed by your improved medicated Bougies, I put myfelf under your care, and have reason to be thankful to God and you, for my being happily cured of my desperate disorder: and conformable to

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truth, I have to add, that I never found the least pain in wearing your Bougies, which was far from being the case with all the other Bougies I made use of, without effect: I therefore in justice to your skill, and for the benefit of mankind, desire you will publish this extraordinary case.

I am,

SIR,

Your much obliged,

And most obedient humble servant,

EDWARD CROUTH.
Late mate of his Majesty's ship the Egmont.

Since the receipt of the above letter, Mr. Crouth has made affidavit of the contents, before one of his majesty's justices of the peace, which, with the original letter, may be seen at Mr. Lallier's.

FINIS.

ADVERTISEMENT.

R. LALLIER begs leaves to inform the public, that he has no connection or concern whatever with any of those people who advertise Bougies to be fold. This caution is so much the more necessary, as he has been often informed, that some of them have sold Bougies to their customers, pretending that they were the genuine Bougies of Mr. Daran, or Mr. Lallier's improved mild Bougies, which is not true.

As Mr. Lallier did live feven years with Mr. Daran, in Paris, as his Affiltant, he had an opportunity of being conftantly employed in making and composing his Bougies, and also

also in attending his numerous patients; since which time he has for thirty years past practifed his art in London, where he has had the fatisfaction of curing great numbers of most inveterate and desperate cases, the truth of which is well vouched and authenticated; he being the only person in England who has constantly attached himself to that particular, but most important branch of furgery, viz. the healing all disorders which affect the neck of the bladder, urinary paffage, and neighbouring parts, producing gleets, fiftulas in perinæo, fpongy ulcers, and other excrescences, with painful obstructions and dangerous suppressions of urine, which last, unavoidably, without speedy relief, occasions certain death. Such local painful disorders, it is well known to the faculty, cannot be relieved, much less cured. by any internal medicines whatfoever, nor yet by any other means than by the use of proper Bougies, and it is now well known to the public, that those composed by Mr. Lallier are much fuperior to all others, because they are milder and more efficacious, never having yet failed in producing a radical and complete cure

cure, and at the same time without giving the least painful sensation to the most tender patient; which is far from being the case of all other Bougies, which instame and irritate the parts so much, that the patient is tired out and disgusted without being cured.

Mr. LALLIER attends to give his advice in all the above disorders, every day from twelve to two o'clock, and from seven till nine, at his house, No. 3, Rathbone-place, the third door from Oxford street, opposite Scho-square; where his Bougies, with proper directions are sold, and no where else.

Gentlemen who reside at any distance from the capital, either in Great Britain, France, or Ireland, by stating their case, in a letter postpaid, the medicines may be sent them, with proper directions, by which they may cure themselves.

N. B. As there is a confiderable demand for Bougies in all the British Colonies, as well as in the East and West Indies, the inhabitants of which places, being very subject

fubject to fuch disorders, for which Mr. LALLIER's well-known improved Bougies are the only specific remedy; Merchants and Captains of Ships, may be supplied with any quantity to sell again with a handsome allowance.

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